

## Study guide for Final Exam

Final exam problems include both the lecture contents and homework problems.

1. Review study guide for quiz 08-11.

2. Section 16.3:

Study the definition and examples (Figure 16.22) of 'connected domain' and 'simply connected domain' (p985).

Study the relation between conservative fields and

- (a) 'Gradient Fields' (Theorem 2, p986).
- (b) 'Loop Property' (Theorem 3, p987)
- (c) 'Component test' (p988),

Which of them are equivalent to 'Conservative Fields'?

Which of them are equivalent to 'Conservative Fields' only on simply connected domains?

Which of the implications ' $\Leftarrow$ ', ' $\Rightarrow$ ' remains valid even if the domain is not simply connected (review homework 13, problem 2 for counter examples)?

Hint: Study page 1 of Lecture 26.

3. Section 16.3:

Study how to determine whether a vector field is conservative.

Hint: Study page 6 of Lecture 26.

4. Section 16.3:

For given functions  $M(x, y, z), N(x, y, z), P(x, y, z)$  satisfying the component test, how does one find the potential function (if it exists) by way of direct integration (Example 3)?

5. Section 16.4:

Study and memorize definitions of

$$\operatorname{div}\mathbf{F}(x, y) = M_x(x, y) + N_y(x, y) \quad (1)$$

and

$$\operatorname{curl}\mathbf{F}(x, y) \cdot \mathbf{k} = N_x(x, y) - M_y(x, y) \quad (2)$$

To memorize, it is easier to start with

$$\operatorname{div}\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (\partial_x, \partial_y, \partial_z) \cdot \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = M_x(x, y, z) + N_y(x, y, z) + P_z(x, y, z)$$

and

$$\operatorname{curl}\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \nabla \times \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (\partial_x, \partial_y, \partial_z) \times \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ \partial_x & \partial_y & \partial_z \\ M & N & P \end{vmatrix}$$

and view (1) and (2) as special case of  $\mathbf{F} = (M(x, y), N(x, y), 0)$ .

6. Section 16.4:

Study and memorize Green's Theorem both in tangential form and normal form (p1000).

Is Theorem 4 applicable to Example 5 of Section 16.3 on  $R = \{x^2 + y^2 < 1\}$ ? Which part went wrong?

7. Section 16.4:

Study how to apply Green's Theorem when the natural domain of  $F$  is not simply connected. For example: as Exercise 16.4, problem 39 and its counter part in tangential form (such as Example 5 of Section 16.3).

8. Section 16.4:

Study the proof of Green's Theorem both in tangential form and normal form on a simple domain such as the domain on page 7 of Lecture 27.

Study how to reduce the double integral in the domain to line integrals on the boundary of the domain using Fundamental Theorem of Calculus in 1D.