

## Brief solutions to Quiz 8

May 23, 2023:

1. (33 pts) Evaluate  $\int_0^\pi \int_x^\pi \frac{\sin y}{y} dy dx$

Ans:

$$= \int_0^\pi \int_0^y \frac{\sin y}{y} dx dy = \int_0^\pi (y - 0) \frac{\sin y}{y} dy = \int_0^\pi \sin y dy = -\cos y \Big|_0^\pi = 2$$

2. (34 pts) Change  $\int_{\sqrt{2}}^2 \int_{\sqrt{4-y^2}}^y dx dy$  into an equivalent polar integral and evaluate it.

Ans:

The region is enclosed by  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  ( $r = 2$ ),  $x = y$  ( $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ ) and  $y = 2$  ( $r \sin \theta = 2$ ) in the first quadrant.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\sqrt{2}}^2 \int_{\sqrt{4-y^2}}^y dx dy &= \int_{\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_{r=2}^{\frac{2}{\sin \theta}} r dr d\theta = \int_{\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left( \frac{2}{\sin^2 \theta} - 2 \right) d\theta \\ &= \int_{\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (2 \csc^2 \theta - 2) d\theta = (-2 \cot^2 \theta - 2\theta) \Big|_{\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 2 - \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

3. (33 pts) Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{(1+x^2+y^2)^2} dy dx$

Ans:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{(1+r^2)^2} r dr d\theta = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \int_{r=0}^\infty \frac{d(1+r^2)}{(1+r^2)^2} d\theta = \left( \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\theta \right) \frac{-1}{2(1+r^2)} \Big|_{r=0}^\infty = \frac{\pi}{4}$$