Calculus I, Fall 2023 (http://www.math.nthu.edu.tw/~wangwc/)

Homework 04

1. Section 3.2: problems 17, 48(*), 57, 58(*).

Hint for problem 17: Use the definition and the technique of "rationalizing the numerator or demonimator".

Remark: Optionally, you can hand in problems with (*) by Oct 12 in class for reviews and corrections.

- 2. Read about second and higher order derivatives at end of section 3.3.
- 3. Section 3.3: problems 5, 23, 37, 47, 55(*), 67, 70(*), 75(c).
- 4. Use product rule to show (and memorize) that

$$\frac{d}{dx} \begin{vmatrix} f_{11}(x) & f_{12}(x) \\ f_{21}(x) & f_{22}(x) \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} f'_{11}(x) & f_{12}(x) \\ f'_{21}(x) & f_{22}(x) \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} f_{11}(x) & f'_{12}(x) \\ f_{21}(x) & f'_{22}(x) \end{vmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{vmatrix} f'_{11}(x) & f'_{12}(x) \\ f'_{21}(x) & f'_{22}(x) \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} f_{11}(x) & f_{12}(x) \\ f'_{21}(x) & f'_{22}(x) \end{vmatrix}$$

What are the corresponding formulae for 3 by 3 determinants, 4 by 4 determinants, etc.?

5. Apply the product rule repeatedly to get $\frac{d^n}{dx^n}(u(x)v(x))$ in terms of derivatives of u(x) and v(x). Start with n = 2, then $n = 3, \dots$, to find the formula.