Calculus II, Spring 2022 (Thomas' Calculus Early Transcendentals 13ed), http://www.math.nthu.edu.tw/~wangwc/

Brief solutions to selected problems in homework week 01

1. Section 8.8, problem 55:

12 Can not use limit comparison. Use direct comparison: $1/x \leq (2 + \cos x)/x$ ans: divergent.

Figure 1: Section 8.8, problem 55

SE.S: prodem &1 convergence of Sathix dx $\int_{0}^{e} \chi^{2} d\chi : \notin \chi^{0} d\Sigma = (3 \%)$ $\int_{0}^{e} \chi^{2} d\chi \quad \text{if } \chi^{0} d\chi \quad \text$ そくー: 將 jatilizada 年 (23) そ>1: 將 jatilizada 年 (23) そ>1: 將 jatilizada 年 jatilizada 比較 (14) problem 82: convergence of Sx Elix dx Se 28 da 弯大的方向(8毫大)

2. Section 8.8, problems 81,82, method 1: (method 2 is $x = e^y$ and integration by parts)

Figure 2: Section 8.8, problems 81,82

Problem 83: From problem 81 and problem 82, $\int_0^\infty x^q \ln x dx$ diverges for all $q \in \mathbb{R}$. 3. Problem 3:

coso, same as Converges for 0<p<1 and diverges for p > = 1.

Figure 3: Problem 3

Addition. 8. de 0 (D) < Above shows the improper integral diverges, so limit on the left is of the type

4. Chapter 8, Additional and advanced problems, problem 8:

Figure 4: Chapter 8, Additional and advanced problems, problem 8

5. Section 10.1, problem 63:

 $0 \leq \frac{n!}{nn} = \frac{1}{n} \times \frac{2}{n} \times \frac{3}{n} \times \frac{n}{n}$ lim -

Figure 5: Section 10.1, problem 63