Calculus I, Fall 2021 (http://www.math.nthu.edu.tw/~wangwc/)

## Homework Assignment for Week 08

- 1. Section 3.9: problems 9, 11, 21, 23, 25, 33, 35, 39, 53, 55.
- 2. Section 3.11: problems 9, 11, 16(c,d), 17, 53, 55, 65(a,b,f(for f(x) only)), 66.
- 3. A key point in section 3.11 is that the error of linear approximation, f(x) L(x), satisfies

$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x) - L(x)}{x - a} = 0$$
(1)

provided f is differentiable at x = a.

The following statement gives more details about the error f(x) - L(x) and will be introduced in the near future. Take this statement for granted for now:

If f is twice differentiable near x = a, then

$$f(x) - L(x) = \frac{1}{2}f''(c)(x - a)^2$$
(2)

for some c between x and a.

Note that if the error f(x) - L(x) satisfies (2) then it obviously satisfies (1). (why?) From (2), we have an error bound

$$|f(x) - L(x)| \le \frac{1}{2} \left( \max_{c \text{ between } x \text{ and } a} |f''(c)| \right) (x - a)^2$$
(3)

Use (3) to estimate the error of linear approximation (i.e. find out  $|f(x) - L(x)| \leq ???$ ) for problem 17 (b) of Section 3.11.

4. Chapter 3, additional and advanced problems: problems 16, 21, 22(d), 23.