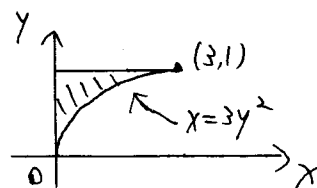


$$14.1-37 \quad \int_0^3 \int_{\sqrt{x}}^1 e^{y^3} dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^{3y^2} e^{y^3} dx dy = \int_0^1 e^{y^3} \cdot 3y^2 dy$$

$$= e^{y^3} \Big|_0^1 = e - 1$$



$$45 \quad R = \{ (x,y) \mid 4 - x^2 - 2y^2 \geq 0 \}$$

so that $\iint_R \underbrace{(4 - x^2 - 2y^2)}_{\geq 0} dA$ gives us maximum value

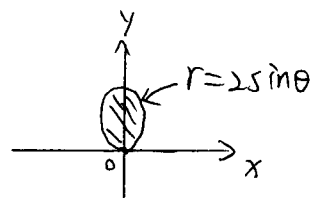
$$14.3-23 \quad \iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq \frac{3}{4}} \frac{1}{1-x^2-y^2} dA = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \frac{1}{1-r^2} r dr d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} -\frac{1}{2} \ln(1-r^2) \Big|_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} -\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1}{4} d\theta = -\pi \ln \frac{1}{4} = \pi \ln 4$$

$$14.4-35 \quad D = \{ (x,y,z) \mid 4x^2 + 4y^2 + z^2 - 4 \geq 0 \}$$

so that $\iiint_D \underbrace{(4x^2 + 4y^2 + z^2 - 4)}_{\geq 0} dV$ gives us maximum value

$$14.6-25 \quad \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\sin\theta} \int_0^{4+\sin\theta} f(r,\theta,z) dz r dr d\theta$$



$$43. \quad V = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \int_{-\sqrt{4-r^2}}^{\sqrt{4-r^2}} 1 dz r dr d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 2\sqrt{4-r^2} r dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} -\frac{2}{3} (4-r^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_0^1 d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} -\frac{2}{3} (3\sqrt{3} - 8) d\theta = \frac{4\pi}{3} (8 - 3\sqrt{3})$$