

## Brief answer to selected problems in HW10

### 1. Section 5.3:

Problem 87: We take for granted from the problem that a continuous function on a closed interval  $[a, b]$  must be uniformly continuous (ie. Assume this statement is correct. This is an advanced calculus Theorem).

Therefore given  $\epsilon > 0$ , one can find  $\delta > 0$  such that  $|x_1 - x_2| < \delta$  implies  $|f(x_1) - f(x_2)| < \epsilon$ . It is not difficult to see that for this  $\delta$ ,  $\|P\| < \delta$  implies  $U - L < \epsilon(\sum_k \Delta x_k) = \epsilon(b - a)$ .

### 2. Section 5.4:

Problems 84: Use L'Hôpital's rule to get the limit. Answer = 2.

Problems 89:  $F(x) = \int_1^{x^2} \sqrt{1-t^2} dt$ .  $F'(x) = 2x\sqrt{1-(x^2)^2}$ .  $F''(x) = \frac{2(1-3x^4)}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$ .