Numerical Analysis I, Fall 2017 (http://www.math.nthu.edu.tw/~wangwc/)

Quiz 01

Sep 26, 2017.

- 1. (30 pts) How many bits does it take to store a binary floating point number of the form $\pm 1.a_1a_2\cdots a_t \times 2^e$ with t = 10, $a_j \in \{0, 1\}$, $-14 \leq e \leq 15$? Write down the binary floating number representation (binary machine number, a finite sequence of 0, 1) of -0.6875. Explain. Leave some spacing between sign and exponent and between exponent and mantissa for easy reading.
- 2. (30 pts) <u>Derive</u> an upper bound for relative error caused by chopping for the floating point system in problem 1 (also known as ε_M). Give an upper bound in terms of ε_M on the relative error of evaluating $x \times y$ with the floating point arithmetics.
- 3. (20 pts) Solve for $x^2 2100x + 1 = 0$ to 15 correct digits. Explain how you find your answer (direct evaluation using 'calculator' will receive no credits).
- 4. (20 pts) Find the smallest N so that $\left|\sum_{i=0}^{N} \frac{3^{i}}{i!} e^{3}\right| < 10^{-5}$. Let your code print the answer N and $\left|\sum_{i=0}^{N} \frac{3^{i}}{i!} e^{3}\right|$ on screen, and also write them down on the answer sheet. Extra credits for more efficient method(s).

Name your codes in the same format as 104000001_p03.m or 103000002_p04.c .

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answer N and $\left|\sum_{i=0}^{N} \frac{3^{i}}{i!} - e^{3}\right|$ on screen, and also write them down on the answer sheet. Extra credits for more efficient method(s).

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