## Quiz 02

## Oct 18, 2011.

- 1. Suppose that  $M = N_1(h) + K_1h^2 + K_2h^4 + K_3h^6 + \cdots$  and  $N_1(h) = 1.570796$ ,  $N_1(h/2) = 1.896119$ ,  $N_1(h/4) = 1.974232$ . Construct an extrapolation table and determine  $N_3(h)$ .
- 2. What is the rate of convergence of N(h) if N(h) = 0.486748, N(h/3) = 0.45788 and N(h/9) = 0.452324?
- 3. Estimate h or n such that the composite Trapezoidal rule for  $\int_1^2 \cos(x^2) dx$  has absolute error less than  $10^{-5}$ . Then give your numerical value  $I_h$  with the n you obtained (program it and write down your answer).
- 4. Write down Simpson's formula for  $\int_{-h}^{h} f(x)dx$ . Need not derive or prove anything. If you don't remember and decide to derive, put on details.
- 5. A quadrature rule takes the form  $\int_{-h}^{h} f(x)dx \approx 2h\left(\alpha_{-}f(\frac{-h}{2}) + \alpha_{+}f(\frac{h}{2})\right)$ . Find  $\alpha_{-}$  and  $\alpha_{+}$  that gives the largest degree of precision. Then derive (prove) an error bound for the resulting scheme. (Need not give error identity)

Numerical Analysis I, Fall 2011 (http://www.math.nthu.edu.tw/~wangwc/)

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